CARDIFF COUNCIL CYNGOR CAERDYDD



CABINET MEETING:21 NOVEMBER 2019

CARDIFF LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN FULL REVIEW

STRATEGIC PLANNING & TRANSPORT (COUNCILLOR CARO WILD)

AGENDA ITEM: 10

Reason for this Report

- 1. The purpose of this report is to respond to legislation which requires Local Authorities to undertake a full review of their Local Development Plan (LDP) within 4 years of adoption.
- 2. Specifically, approval is sought to:
 - Undertake consultation on the draft Cardiff LDP Review Report (Appendix 1) which proposes that a full revision of the LDP is undertaken through the preparation of a Replacement LDP for the period 2020-2035;
 - Undertake consultation on the Cardiff Replacement LDP draft Delivery Agreement (Appendix 2); and
 - Report back to Council on the findings of the consultation processes and the final Review Report in Spring 2020

Background

- 3. The Cardiff Local Development Plan (LDP) was adopted by the Council on 28th January 2016 and sets out the Council's planning framework for the development and use of land in the city over the period 2006 to 2026.
- 4. An up-to-date LDP is an essential part of the plan-led planning system in Wales and statutory measures are in place to manage the Plan review process. In this respect, the Council is required under Section 69 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 to undertake a full review of the adopted LDP at intervals not longer than every 4 years from the date of adoption. As such, this report directly responds to this requirement given the LDP adoption date.

Draft Review Report

- 5. Regulations state that the full review process must be informed by a Review Report (RR) which must determine the revision procedure to be followed- specifically, whether to undertake a full or short form revision. A full revision would require the preparation of a Replacement LDP, whereas a short form revision would involve revising limited parts of the existing LDP. Guidance makes it clear that should a Local Planning Authority decide to employ the short form revision, it must be sure it can fully justify its approach as there are significant risks that this approach may be considered inappropriate and challenged since the issues involved may warrant the full revision procedure.
- 6. The Draft RR is contained in Appendix 1 and must be subject consultation prior to the final RR being formally approved by the Council. It considers relevant information and issues to help inform the review process and includes the following sections:
 - 1. Introduction- Outlining the requirements for the draft RR
 - 2. Information and issues informing the Plan review- Including:
 - Significant contextual changes with regard to national legislation and guidance, the regional/local context and evidence base
 - Findings of the 3rd LDP Annual Monitoring Report
 - 3. Review of Plan and potential changes required- Assessing the implementation of Plan strategy and policy topic areas to inform potential changes to be addressed through the revision procedure
 - 4. Future evidence base requirements- Identifying which parts of the evidence base require updating
 - 5. LDP review options including opportunities for collaborative working
 - 6. Conclusions and next steps
- 7. The draft RR concludes that the full revision procedure is considered the most appropriate option and that a replacement LDP is prepared for the period 2020-2035. In this respect, it is recognised that the significant scale, complexity and over-lapping nature of issues to be addressed in a Replacement LDP cannot justify the short form revision procedure. This approach will ensure that the Council will have up-to-date Plan coverage beyond 2026 and supports the Plan-led approach in Wales.
- 8. Importantly, the preparation of a Replacement LDP provides an opportunity to positively respond to a national policy framework which has evolved significantly since the evidence base was collated underpinning the existing LDP. Furthermore, it enables other matters identified in the draft RR to be more fully assessed as part of a comprehensive review process which will then represent a new and updated evidence base to inform the Replacement Plan.

- 9. The draft RR identifies topic areas where new evidence is required to inform the Replacement Plan. It is therefore premature to be articulating potential replacement LDP strategy at this juncture. However, work undertaken to date on the draft RR shows that the starting point is completely different to the existing LDP which was faced with high official population projections and a low supply of housing sites. A Replacement LDP would overlap with the current LDP period and coupled with a 'carry over' of existing consents, would result in a far stronger supply of housing sites. In terms of demand, it is noted that Welsh Government projections issued since those informing the existing LDP have shown reduced anticipated rates of population growth.
- 10. The existing LDP benefitted from a bespoke regional collaborative exercise to help inform the Plan strategy involving all Local Authorities and other key stakeholders in South East Wales. This process worked well and a similar approach is proposed again to help inform the Replacement LDP. Should work commence on a Strategic Development Plan (SDP) for South East Wales, information gathered through the LDP process can be used to inform the SDP and vice versa. Ongoing dialogue with other Local Authorities will help maximise efficiencies and consistency with regard to gathering/sharing evidence and agreeing methodologies where possible.
- 11. There has been positive regional dialogue regarding the progression of a SDP for the Cardiff Capital Region. Leaders have agreed in principle to pursue the development of a Strategic Development Plan. However, significant uncertainties have been created by the publication of the draft National Development Framework, with the Council expressing concern about the draft proposals, and the proposed establishment of Corporate Joint Committees (CJCs). It would therefore be premature to consider a report on the SDP until there is greater clarity on these emerging matters of such fundamental importance.
- 12. In line with national guidance, consideration must be given to the scope for preparing a Joint LDP. However, it is noted that 7 of the 10 Local Authorities in South East Wales are already preparing their own Replacement LDPs with no examples of a joint approach or regional collaborative exercises to help inform Plans. Of the remaining 2 Local Authorities excluding Cardiff, the Vale of Glamorgan and Newport, it is not considered that there are sufficient synergies to warrant the preparation of a Joint LDP. The proposed regional collaborative working approach referenced in the paragraph above is considered the most effective way of addressing cross-boundary matters.

Draft Delivery Agreement

13. In addition to the preparation of a Review Report, a Delivery Agreement will also need to be submitted to Welsh Government demonstrating that plan preparation can be achieved in within 3½ years from the formal commencement of the review process. The draft Delivery Agreement consists of a timetable for preparation of the Replacement LDP and a Community Involvement Scheme. The summary timetable below sets out the key dates including statutory consultation periods, for each of the

different stages of Plan preparation and publication. It also includes key stages for the Sustainability Appraisal, which is an iterative process undertaken as an integral part of the Plan preparation process.

Key Stage				
Definitive		From	То	
1	Review Report Consultation and submission to Welsh Government	Jan 2020	March 2020	
2	Delivery Agreement – Consultation and submission to Welsh Government	Jan 2020	March 2020	
3	Evidence Base Preparation	Dec 2019	June 2022	
4	 Pre-Deposit Participation Candidate Site submission and appraisal SA Scoping Report Vision/Objectives/growth levels and spatial options 	March 2020	Sept 2021	
5	Preferred Strategy Consultation – six weeks statutory consultation	Oct 2021	Nov 2021	
6	Deposit Plan Consultation – six weeks statutory consultation	Oct 2022	Nov 2022	
Indicative		From	То	
7	Submission	March 2023		
8	Examination	March 2023	Sept 2023	
9	Inspectors Report	Sept 2023		
10	Adoption by Council	October 2023		

14. The timetable of Plan preparation has Definitive and Indicative stages. Definitive stages are up to the Deposit of the Plan and are under the control of the Council. The Council has less control over the progress of the Plan after the statutory Deposit stage, as subsequent stages associated with Examination, Receipt of the Inspector's Report and Adoption is more dependent on external factors from Welsh Government and the Planning Inspectorate (PINS). As such these stages are indicative only.

- 15. The Community Involvement Scheme outlines the LPA's principles of community engagement, its approach in relation to who, how and when it intends to engage with the community and stakeholders; how it will respond to representations and how these representations will inform later stages of plan preparation.
- 16. The draft Delivery Agreement also sets out the resources that will be required to prepare the Replacement LDP together with a Risk Assessment identifying areas of uncertainly that may impact on the timetable for Plan preparation and mitigation measures required to keep the Plan on track.

Next Steps

17. In order to provide an opportunity to comment, consultation is proposed to take place on the draft Review Report and Delivery Agreement in January/February 2020. A report on the consultation findings and recommendations will be taken to Cabinet in Spring 2020. Should the recommendations support the preparation of a Replacement LDP, it is proposed to report the final Review Report and Delivery Agreement to Council for approval and submit both documents to Welsh Government in the Spring 2020 for their approval so formal preparation of the Replacement LDP can begin.

Reason for the Recommendation

18. The Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and regulation 41 of the Town and Country Planning (Local Development Plan) (Wales) Regulation 2005 requires that a Local Planning Authority must commence a full review of its LDP every 4 years from the date of its initial adoption and that such a review must be preceded by a Review Report. The LDP Manual (2015) also advises that the review process should involve engagement with key stakeholders to assist in clarifying the issues to be considered in the review process.

Legal Implications

- 19. A review of the LDP is part of the wider statutory LDP process as referred to in paragraph 21 above.
- 20. The decision about these recommendations has to be made in the context of the Council's public sector duties under the Equalities Act 2010 (including specific Welsh public sector duties) the Public Sector Equality Duties (PSED). These duties require the Council to have due regard to the need to (1) eliminate unlawful discrimination, (2) advance equality of opportunity and (3) foster good relations on the basis of 'protected characteristics'. The 'Protected characteristics' are: Age Gender reassignment Sex Race including ethnic or national origin, colour or nationality Disability Pregnancy and maternity Marriage and civil partnership Sexual orientation Religion or belief including lack of belief.

- 21. The Well-Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 ('the Act') places a 'well-being duty' on public bodies aimed at achieving 7 national well-being goals for Wales a Wales that is prosperous, resilient, healthier, more equal, has cohesive communities, a vibrant culture and thriving Welsh language, and is globally responsible.
- 22. In discharging its duties under the Act, the Council has set and published well-being objectives designed to maximise its contribution to achieving the national well-being goals. The well-being objectives are set out in Cardiff's Corporate Plan 2019-22 http://cmsprd.cardiff.gov.uk/ENG/Your-Council/Strategies-plans-and-policies/Corporate-Plan/Documents/Corporate%20Plan%202018-21.pdf When exercising its functions, the Council is required to take all reasonable steps to meet its well-being objectives. This means that the decision makers should consider how the proposed decision will contribute towards meeting the well-being objectives and must be satisfied that all reasonable steps have been taken to meet those objectives.
- 23. The well-being duty also requires the Council to act in accordance with a 'sustainable development principle'. This principle requires the Council to act in a way which seeks to ensure that the needs of the present are met without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Put simply, this means that Council decision makers must take account of the impact of their decisions on people living their lives in Wales in the future. In doing so, the Council must:
 - Look to the long term
 - Focus on prevention by understanding the root causes of problems
 - Deliver an integrated approach to achieving the 7 national well-being goals
 - Work in collaboration with others to find shared sustainable solutions
 - Involve people from all sections of the community in the decisions which affect them.
 - The decision maker must be satisfied that the proposed decision accords with the principles above; and due regard must be given to the Statutory Guidance issued by the Welsh Ministers, which is accessible using the link: http://gov.wales/topics/people-and-communities/people/future-generations-act/statutory-guidance/?lang=en
- 24. The Council has to be mindful of the Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011 and the Welsh Language Standards when making any policy decisions and consider the impact upon the Welsh Language, the report and Equality Impact Assessment deals with all these obligations. The Council has to consider the Well Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 and how this strategy may improve the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales..

Financial Implications

25. The costs of undertaking the suggested full review of the LDP are expected to be incurred over a number of years, with projected costs of c£1m to be incurred over 4 years. The detailed mechanism for funding the

full review of the LDP will be considered as part of the 2020/21 Budget setting process.

Human Resources Implications

26. There are no HR implications for this report.

RECOMMENDATION

Cabinet is recommended to recommend that Council approve the draft Review Report and draft Delivery Agreement for the purposes of consultation and a further report is taken to Council in Spring 2020 with the findings of the consultation processes and recommendation(s) on the proposed way forward.

SENIOR RESPONSIBLE OFFICER	Andrew Gregory Director of Planning, Transport & Environment
	15 November 2019

The following Appendices are attached:

- Appendix 1 Draft Review Report, October 2019
- Appendix 2 Draft Delivery Agreement, October 2019